

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend paragraph [0010] as follows:

[0010] Some of the approaches to provide alternative fire suppression systems include those disclosed by U.S. Patent No. 6,257,341 to Bennett, U.S. Patent No. 5,609,210 to Galbraith ~~et. al., et al.~~, and U.S. Patent No. 6,401,487 to Kotliar. The Bennett Patent generally discloses a system that utilizes a combination of compressed inert gas and a solid propellant gas generator. Upon ignition, the solid propellant gas generator generates nitrogen, carbon dioxide, or a mixture thereof. The gas generated from the solid propellant is then mixed and blended with the stored compressed inert gas, which may include argon, carbon dioxide or a mixture thereof, to provide a resulting blended gas mixture for use as a suppressant. The Bennett system claims to provide a system that is smaller in size than prior art systems and, therefore, is more flexible in its installation in various environments. However, due to the fact that the Bennett system utilizes compressed inert gas, appropriate pressure vessels are required that, as discussed above, are conventionally expensive and require a substantial amount of space for their installation, particularly if a large room or area is being serviced by the described system, therefore requiring a large volume of suppressant.

Please amend paragraph [0058] as follows:

[0058] Referring now to FIGS. 7A and 7B, another embodiment of a fire suppression apparatus 100' is shown. The fire suppression apparatus 100' is constructed similarly to that which is shown and described with respect to FIGS. 1 and 2, except that the fire suppression apparatus 100' is configured and located so as to be substantially integrated with a structure 170 associated with the environment being serviced or protected thereby. Thus, the structure 170 may be integral with the housing 102' of the fire suppression apparatus 100' wherein a first opening 104' (or set of openings) is formed within a wall or panel 172 ~~of the~~ of the structure 170, a second opening 106' (or set of openings) is formed within the wall 172 of the structure 170, and a flow path 108' is defined between the first and second openings 104' and 106', respectively.